

HIGHLIGHTING IMPORTANT PREVENTION RESOURCES FROM OUR PARTNERS

Wed, Feb 21, 2018

2:00 PM – 3:00 PM ET



The National Center for Fatality Review and Prevention

Housekeeping Notes

- **Webinar is being recorded and will be available within 2 weeks on our website: www.ncfrp.org**
 - **NCFRP will notify registrants when it is posted**
- All attendees will be muted and in listen only mode
- Questions can be typed into the “Questions” pane
 - Due to the large number of attendees, we may not be able to get to all questions in the time allotted
 - All questions asked will be answered and posted on the NCFRP website

Guest Speakers



Cribs for Kids

Judith Bannon Executive
Director, Founder



The Children's Safety Network

Jennifer Allison, Ph.D.
Director



City MatCH

Erin Schneider, MSW
Director of Development and
CQI

About the National Center for Fatality Review and Prevention

- The National Center for Fatality Review and Prevention (NCFRP) is a resource and data center that supports child death review (CDR) and fetal and infant mortality review (FIMR) programs around the country.
- It is funded in part by Cooperative Agreement Number UG7MC28482 from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB).



About NCFRP, cont.

- The NCFRP aligns with MCHB priorities and performance and outcome measures such as:
 - Healthy pregnancy
 - Child and infant mortality
 - Injury prevention
 - Safe sleep



HRSA's Overall Vision for NCFRP

- Through delivery of data, training, and technical support, NCFRP will assist state and community programs in:
 - Understanding how CDR and FIMR reviews can be used to address issues related to adverse maternal, infant, child, and adolescent outcomes
 - Improving the quality and effectiveness of CDR/FIMR processes
 - Increasing the availability and use of data to inform prevention efforts and for national dissemination
- Ultimate Goal:
 - Improving systems of care and outcomes for mothers, infants, children, and families



Webinar Goals

- Learn about the missions of the organizations
- Understand what prevention resources are available
- Identify areas to apply prevention resources to your work



National Center for Fatality Review and Prevention

February 21, 2018

Judy Bannon

Founder and Executive Director
Cribs for Kids®

Cribs for Kids Mission



- Cribs for Kids is established for the education of health professionals and the public regarding sudden unexpected infant deaths (SUID) due to infant unsafe sleep practices and sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS).
- This education includes the provision of safe sleeping environments at discounted prices to our network of partners who will distribute these products along with infant safe sleep education to families who cannot otherwise afford a safe place for their infants to sleep.

Cribs for Kids Partners



- Cribs for Kids has over 950 licensed partners in all 50 states and the United States territories of Saipan, Guam and the Virgin Islands.
- OVER 950 PARTNERS NATIONWIDE!



C4K Prevention Programs



- **Cribs for Kids:**
 - Provides safe sleep products to partners at discounted prices;
 - Provides safe sleep educational materials based on the American Academy of Pediatrics Guidelines;
 - Has developed national programs for partners:
 - ✦ Safe Sleep Ambassador Program
 - ✦ Public Safety Initiative Program
 - ✦ Hospital Certification Program
 - ✦ Managed Care Incentive Program

Collaborations

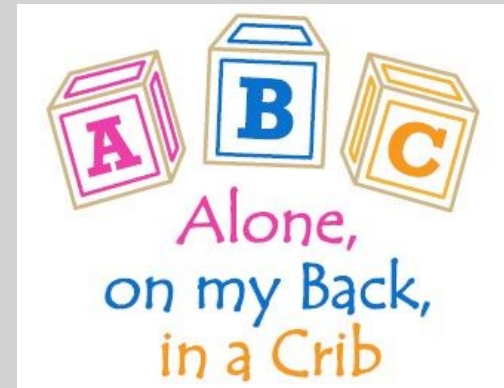


- Cribs for Kids staff is equipped to mentor partners regarding the implementation of all programs.
- Cribs for Kids hosts a bi-annual national conference at which best practices are shared and the latest SUID research is discussed.
- Cribs for Kids accepts partners at no charge. There is no charge to enroll in one of our programs or take advantage of mentoring by our staff.

Cribette



- Cribs for Kids® Exclusive Unit with Safe Sleep Message Fabric
- **Meets all ASTM F-406, JPMA, and CPSIA safety requirements and has the safest Air Permeability test of 93.9**
- **Product Features:**
 - Safe Sleep Message Fabric
 - Light weight portable design
 - Removable, full-sized bassinet
 - Squeeze-button fold allows for assembling and folding the Cribette quickly and hassle-free
 - Mesh on the four sides of the Cribette improves ventilation
 - Wheels provide added convenience
 - Folding feet allow for a more compact fold
 - Easy carry travel bag
 - Easy to store and transport
 - Non-Refundable at Retail Stores.



Cribette



Contact Information



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- www.cribsforkids.org





Jennifer Allison, Ph.D.

Director, Children's Safety
Network

Prevention Resources from the Children's Safety Network



Children's Safety Network

Our mission:

- Increase knowledge and uptake of evidence-based strategies and programs
- Apply continuous quality improvement to injury and violence prevention to create breakthrough change
- Generate new synergy to drive action on child safety through partnership and collaboration
- Reduce injury-related deaths, hospitalizations, and emergency department visits.

Children's Safety Network

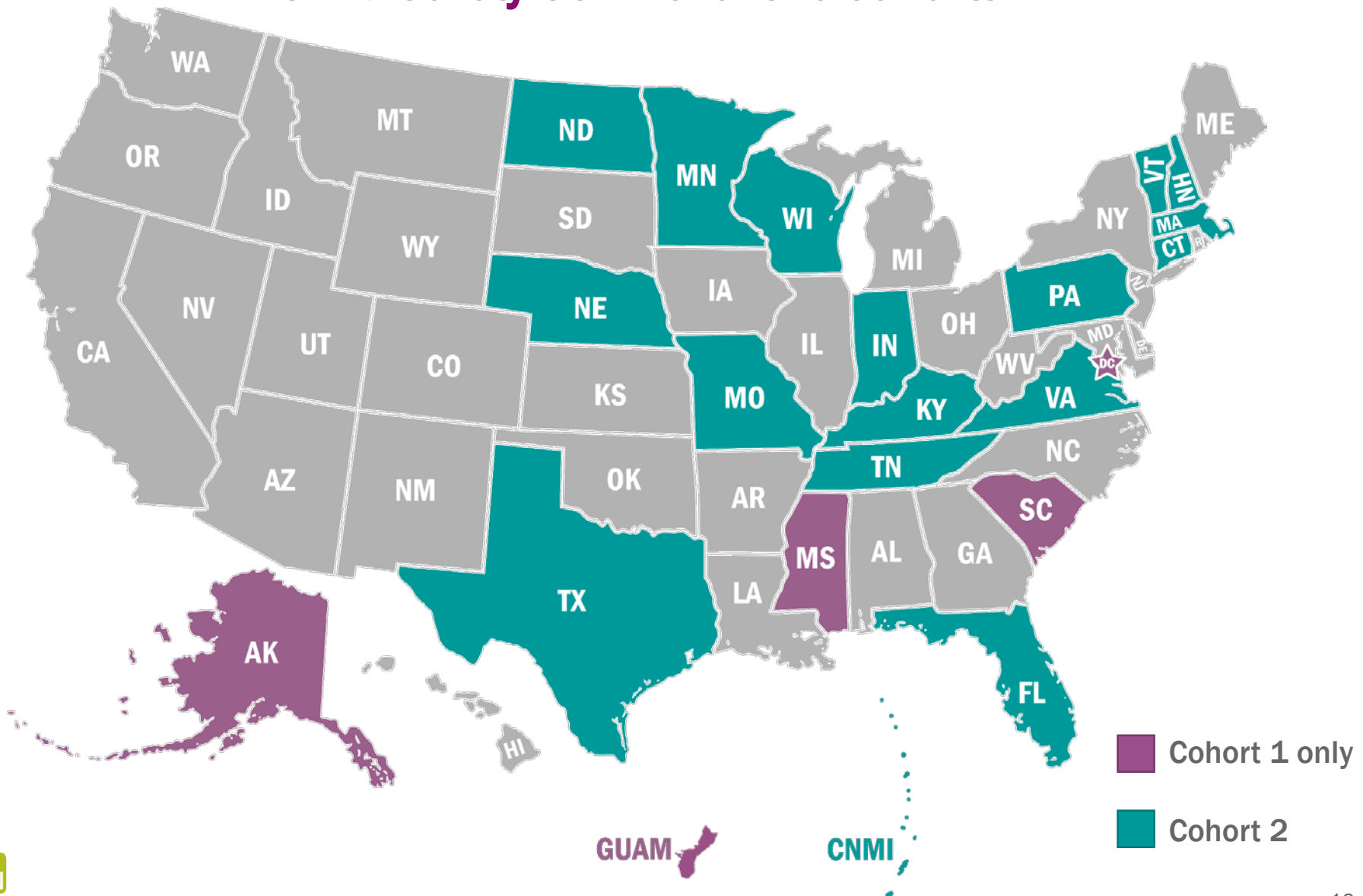
Four Conceptual Pillars:

- Partnership
- Quality Improvement
- Accountability
- Evidence

Key Components of Activity:

- National Coordinated Child Safety Initiative
- Child Safety Collaborative Innovation and Improvement Network
- Technical Assistance and Training to Build Capacity in Injury and Violence Prevention

21 States and Jurisdictions have been active in the Child Safety CollN over two cohorts



Current Strategy Teams



Child Passenger Safety

- 7 Strategy Teams
- Florida
- Indiana
- Kentucky
- Missouri
- Northern Mariana Islands
- Texas
- Vermont



Falls Prevention (Home and Recreational Injuries)

- 4 Strategy Teams
- Florida
- Massachusetts
- Pennsylvania
- Tennessee



Interpersonal Violence Prevention

- 8 Strategy Teams
- Florida
- Indiana
- Minnesota
- Missouri
- Nebraska
- Northern Mariana Islands
- Pennsylvania
- Tennessee



Suicide and Self-Harm

- 8 Strategy Teams
- Connecticut
- Florida
- Kentucky
- Massachusetts
- Missouri
- Texas
- Vermont
- Virginia



Teen Driver Safety

- 8 Strategy Teams
- Florida
- Kentucky
- Nebraska
- New Hampshire
- North Dakota
- Tennessee
- Texas
- Wisconsin

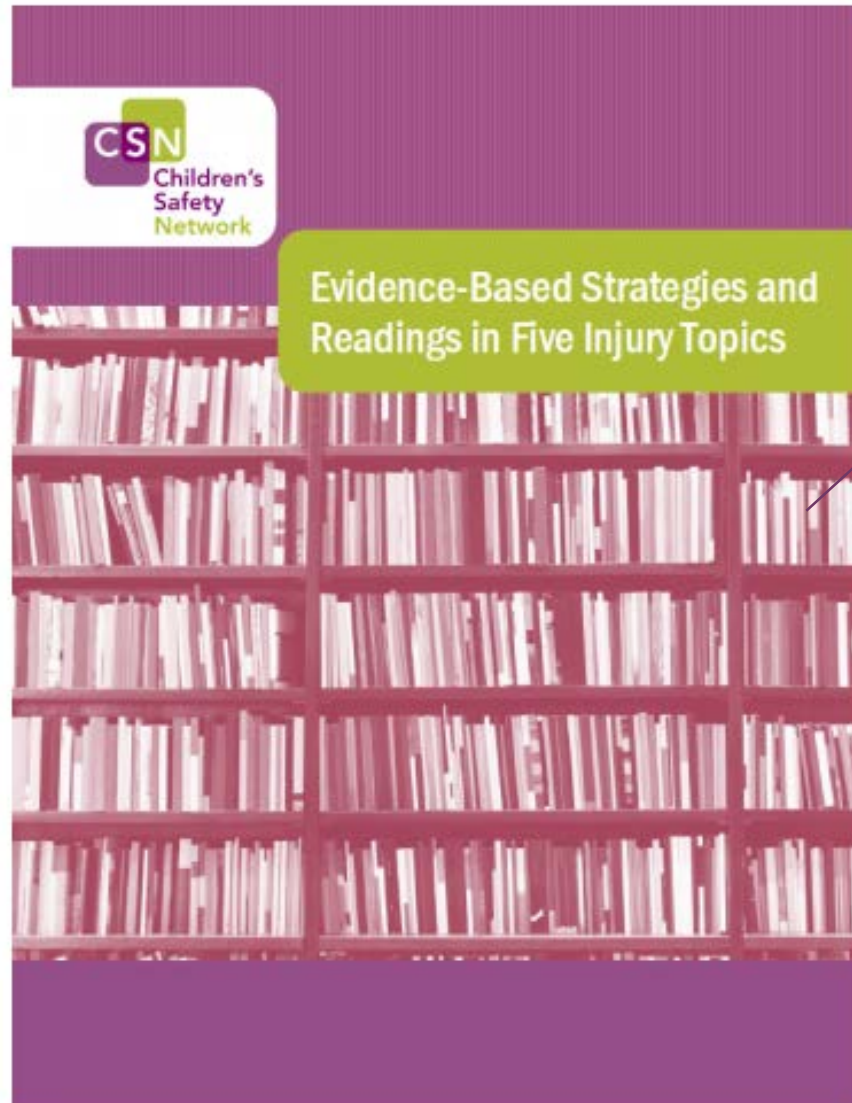
The Focus of Work in the Child Safety CoIN

Identifying gaps and areas of need that are ripe for improvement

Testing, implementing, and spreading evidence-based strategies and programs

Innovating to improve data collection and outcomes

Resource on the Five Topic Areas



This [resource](http://www.ChildrensSafetyNetwork.org) is available on the CSN website at www.ChildrensSafetyNetwork.org

Child Safety CoIN Change Packages

A Change Package is a menu of evidence-based strategies and programs that enables you to:

- Select specific change ideas (strategies or programs) for sustained work, i.e., development, testing, implementation, and spread
- Collect real-time data to determine if the change ideas on which you are working are producing improvements in child safety.
- Ensure that your child safety efforts are focused, measurable, and informed by evidence.

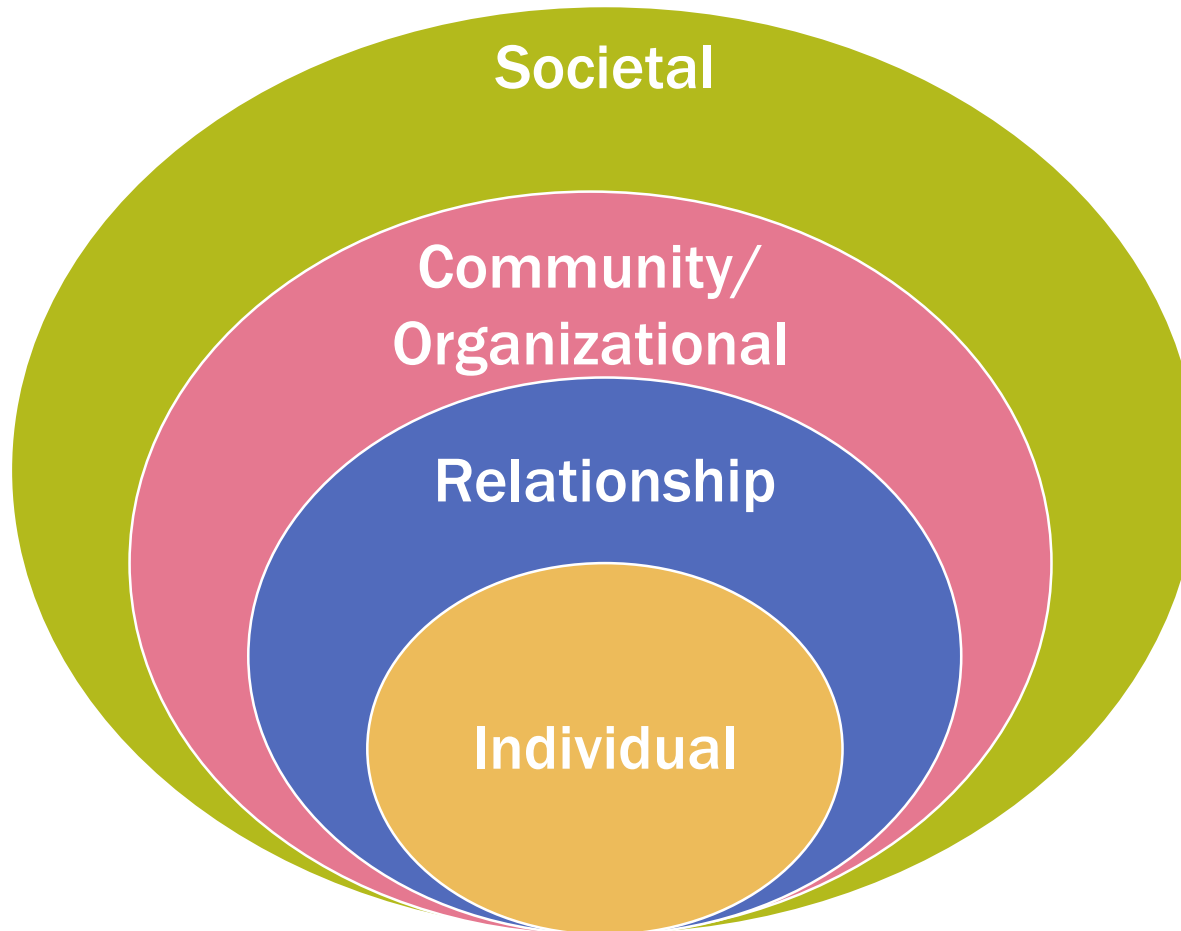
The Child Safety CoIN change packages are available on CSN's website at www.ChildrensSafetyNetwork.org

What's in the Child Safety CollN Change Packages?



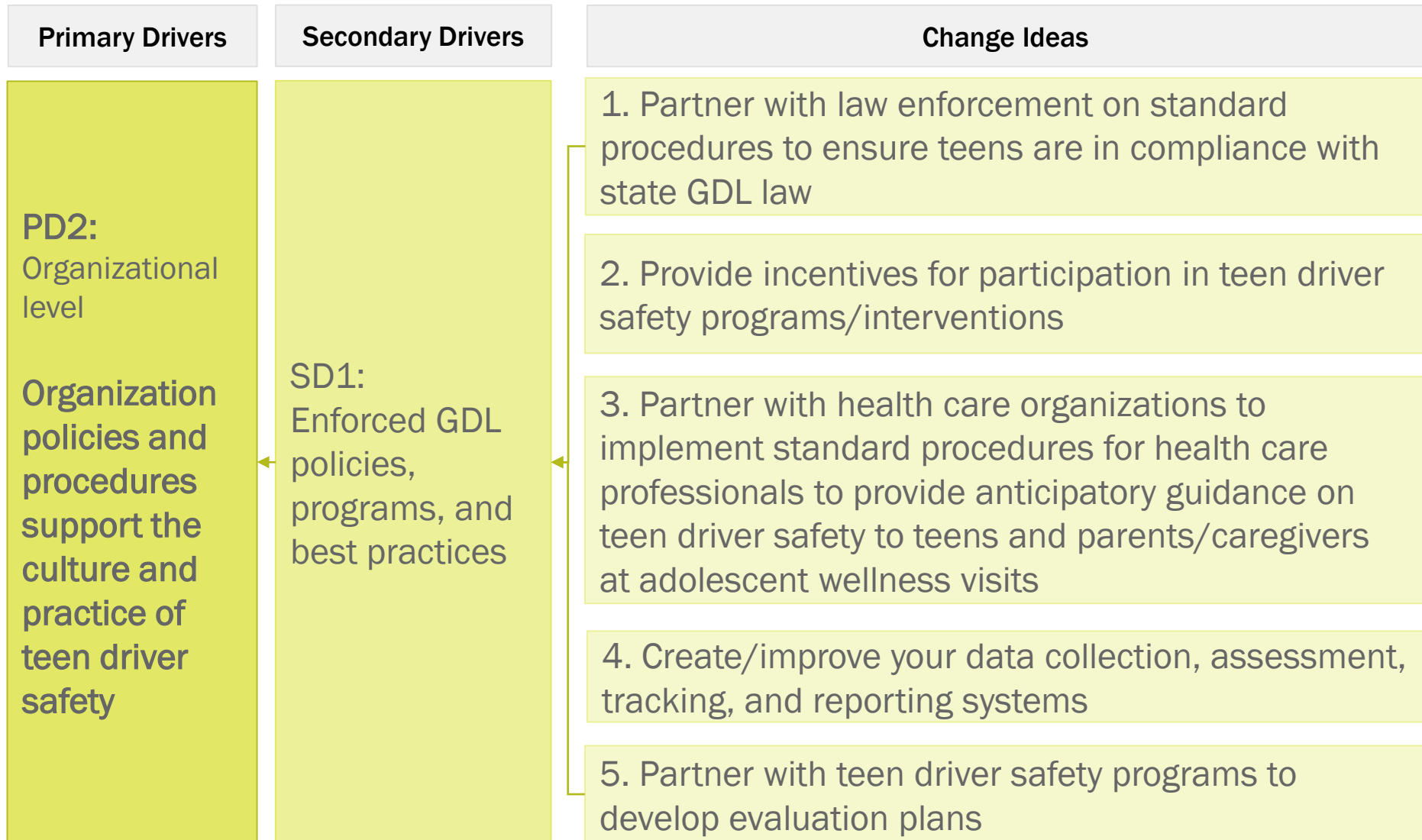
Prevention Strategies at Multiple Levels

Social-Ecological Model



Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2015

Sample of the Teen Driver Safety Change Package



Child Safety CoIN Strategies by Topic

Sample Strategies by Topic

Topic	Strategy
Child Passenger Safety	Maintain an optimal number of child passenger safety technicians with up-to-date certifications
Falls Prevention	Train personnel such as home visitors, firefighters, and EMTs on home safety audits and installation of window guards and stair gates, as well as smoke and CO detectors
Interpersonal Violence Prevention	Teach adolescents non-violence skills (e.g., Coaching Boys into Men, Green Dot)
Suicide & Self-Harm Prevention	Develop and implement protocols to enable schools, programs, and care providers to communicate and collaborate in the identification, referral, management, and follow up of suicide risk
Teen Driver Safety	Educate teens on teen driver safety and Graduated Driver Licensing requirements using evaluated programs (e.g., Checkpoints, Teens in the Driver's Seat, Impact Teen Drivers)

Child Safety CoIN Process Measures

Sample Process Measures by Topic

Topic	Process Measure
Child Passenger Safety	Number of car seat technicians currently certified
Falls Prevention	Percent of homes receiving a home safety audit
Interpersonal Violence Prevention	Percent of children and youth receiving evidence-based social and emotional learning, positive youth development, and non-violence skills
Suicide & Self-Harm Prevention	Percent of sites implementing protocols enabling care providers to communicate/collaborate in the management of suicide risk
Teen Driver Safety	Percent of teens reporting understanding of Graduated Driver Licensing (GDL) requirements

Tools for the Collection of Real-Time Outcomes Data

Outcome Measure Worksheet

Child Passenger Safety

Instructions

Complete the first page of this worksheet. Then, using the second page of the worksheet, identify which datasets are used in your state and who is the individual responsible for reporting to that system. Contact that individual to explore options for getting real time data on a monthly basis.

Why We Need Data and How It Will Be Used

We are looking for real-time data for the purposes of Quality Improvement and determining the impact our work is having on rates of child-passenger-related deaths, hospitalizations, and emergency department (ED) visits. The data will be used to:

- Assess progress made towards the achievement of aim statements
- Compare injury trends to tests of change conducted by the CS Colln Strategy Team(s)

Description of the Data

In an ideal world, these data will:

- Be collected and reported on a monthly basis
- Relate to this geographic region:

- Relate to this age group:

- Relate to populations with these characteristics:

- Reflect the following International Classification of Diseases (ICD) codes:

Table 1: Child Passenger ICD Codes

Hospitalizations and Emergency Department Visits		Deaths
ICD system	ICD-9-CM	ICD-10
Child	Motor vehicle traffic accident E810-E819	Car V40-49
Occupant	<p>To compute incidence, exclude all cases with 7th digit = "D" (subsequent health care encounter) and "S" (sequela of injury) Car V40-49.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 6 (passenger), 9 (unspecified occupant) Car V40-49 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 6 (passenger), 9 (unspecified occupant)
	Pickup truck, minivan, SUV, van V50-V59	Pickup truck, minivan, SUV, truck van V50-V59
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 6 (passenger), 9 (unspecified occupant) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 6 (passenger), 9 (unspecified occupant)
	Pickup truck, minivan, SUV, truck van V59	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 5 (passenger), 6 (unspecified rider) 	
	Motorcycle V20-29	Motorcycle V20-29
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (motorcycle; where the 4th digit is 5 (passenger), 9 (unspecified rider) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 3 (passenger), 9 (unspecified occupant)
	Motorcycle V29	Bus V70-79
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (motorcycle; where the 4th digit is 5 (passenger), 6 (unspecified rider) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 6, 8 (passenger)
	Bus V70-79	Alternating vehicle V80
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 6 (passenger), 9 (unspecified occupant) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where 4th digit is 0 (driver), 1 (passenger), 3 (unspecified rider)
	Bus V79	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is 5 (passenger), 6 (unspecified occupant) 	<p>There is no 7th digit in ICD10 codes used with cases</p>
	Alternating vehicle V80	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> where 4th digit is 1 (passenger), 3 (unspecified rider) 	

! These data do not need to be cleaned to the same extent that they are cleaned for federal data systems. From the Quality Improvement standpoint, some data is better than no data. We encourage you to explore your options.



ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM Crosswalk

Crosswalk tables

The following tables are broken out by CS CoLLN topic areas: Child Passenger Safety, Teen Driver Safety, Suicide and Self-Harm Prevention, Interpersonal Violence Prevention, and Falls Prevention. Each table provides a crosswalk comparing the old ICD-9-CM codes to the new ICD-10-CM codes. There is not always a one-to-one match between the codes because the nature of ICD-10-CM codes has shifted. Please contact CSN for further assistance: csninfo@cdc.org.

Child Passenger ICD Codes

Hospitalizations and Emergency Department Visits		
ICD system	ICD-9-CM	ICD-10-CM
Child Occupant	Motor vehicle traffic accident: E810 through E819, E820 where the 4th digit is 1 (vehicle passenger)	<p>To compute incidence, exclude all cases with 7th digit = "0" (subsequent health care encounter) and "S" (sequela of injury)</p> <p>Car: V40-49:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is .8 (passenger), .9 (unspecified occupant) <p>Pick-up truck, minivan, SUV, truck, van: V50-59</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> where the 4th digit is .8 (passenger), .9 (unspecified occupant) <p>Motorcycle: V20-29</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (motorcycle); where the 4th digit is .5 (passenger), .9 (unspecified rider) <p>Bus: V70-79</p> <p>where the 4th digit is .8, .9 (passenger)</p> <p>Alt/terrain Vehicle: V88</p> <p>where the 4th digit is 1 (passenger), 3 (unspecified rider)</p>

Fall and Struck By/Against ICD Codes

Hospitalizations and Emergency Department Visits		
ICD system	ICD-9-CM	ICD-10-CM
Falls	Unintentional Falls: E880-E888	<p>To compute incidence, exclude all cases with 7th digit = "0" (subsequent health care encounter) and "5" (sequela of injury).</p> <p>Slipping, tripping, stumbling and falls: W00-W19</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> exclude W16 where sixth digit = "1" (fall into ... causing drowning and submersion) <p>Fall from playground conveyance: V00.1-3</p> <p>Fall from moving wheelchair: V00.8.1</p> <p>Accident with baby stroller: V00.82</p>
	Unintentional Struck By/Against: E81.7	<p>To compute incidence, exclude all cases with 7th digit = "0" (subsequent health care encounter) and "5" (sequela of injury).</p> <p>Striking, struck by or struck against: W20-W22</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> exclude W22 where sixth digit = "1" (fall into ... causing drowning and submersion) <p>Accidental hit, strike, kick, twist, bite or scratch by another person; Accidental striking against or bumped into by another person: W50-W52</p>
Struck by/against		

Outcome Measure Worksheet

ICD-9 CM to ICD-10-CM Crosswalk

Real-Time Outcomes Data Collection Strategies



Participants in the Child Safety Collaborative Innovation and Improvement Network (CS CollN) are identifying and developing innovative ways to collect real-time outcomes data. Typically, data on injury-related deaths, hospitalizations, and emergency department (ED) visits are centrally collected at the state level. On an annual basis, these data are cleaned by the state, released, and submitted to a national dataset. The cleaning and release process leads to a two-year or more delay in the availability of the data. However, because states centrally collect and house the data, there are opportunities for innovation in using real-time data. Some states in the CS CollN are now able to collect and report real-time data on injury-related deaths, hospitalizations, and ED visits, enabling them to incorporate this information into their injury prevention efforts.

Below are descriptions of the approaches that three of these states are taking.

Massachusetts: Suicide and Self-Harm Emergency Department Visit and Death Data
The Massachusetts Office of Emergency Medical Services (OEMS) collects emergency medical services (EMS) data, using the Massachusetts Ambulance Trip Record Information System (MATRIS). MATRIS data are used to improve and support the EMS systems, conduct research, and assure delivery of quality patient care. The Massachusetts Suicide Prevention program partners with OEMS and uses the data from MATRIS as a proxy to identify suicide-related emergency department visits. Though this collaboration is still in its early stages, the team plans to test the feasibility of using MATRIS data to identify young adults experiencing a psychotic episode and provide follow up services to ensure they receive behavioral healthcare.

The Massachusetts Registry of Vital Records provides the Massachusetts Suicide Prevention program with updated bi-monthly files containing information on deaths that occur in the state. Because these files contain real-time information, the program finds that the status of the possible suicide cases are still "pending closure". Despite this limitation, they are able to estimate the number of suicide deaths on a monthly basis using the files.

Tennessee: Death and Hospitalization Data on Falls

Previously, the Tennessee Department of Health used the state's Hospital Discharge and Vital Statistics data to collect and report death, hospitalization, and ED visit data related to falls for the CS CollN. Because these data sources lagged by almost a full year, the Tennessee team turned to the Tennessee Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) Registry. The TBI Registry collects data on all hospitalizations and deaths (whether in or before hospital) related to traumatic brain injuries from all non-federal hospitals in Tennessee. Hospital facilities are required to report to the Registry either monthly or quarterly, which allows for more real-time data.

While the TBI Registry is closer to real-time, it does have limitations. Since facilities are only mandated to report TBI-related hospitalizations and deaths to the Registry, limited data on TBI-related ED visits are available. New research suggests that most youth concussions are seen in EDs or, more often, primary care settings. (Arbogast KB, 2016) This may prove to be a barrier when measuring the full impact of the fall prevention activities the team is conducting. The team is examining other data sources that may include real-time ED visit data.

This [resource](https://www.ChildrensSafetyNetwork.org) is available on the CSN website at www.ChildrensSafetyNetwork.org

CSN Technical Assistance

- Comparisons of your state's injury data to national data
- Injury cost data
- Information about evidence-based strategies and programs
- Examples of injury prevention best practices and model programs and policies
- Strategies for building and maintaining injury and violence prevention partnerships
- Literature searches on injury and violence prevention topics

CSN Webinars



Archived Webinars

The Children's Safety Network (CSN) offers webinars on a variety of injury topics. The recordings and PDFs of slide sets can be found on our website at: <http://childrenssafetynetwork.org/webinars>. Below is a list of webinars that took place from March 2015 – December 2017.

- Keeping Children 8-14 Years Old Safe as Motor Vehicle Occupants
- Successful Strategies for Preventing Fire and Burn-Related Injuries among Children
- Why Drownings Are a Leading Cause of Death among Children
- Distracted Driving among Teens: What We Know about It and How to Prevent It
- Using Quality Improvement to Prevent Childhood Injuries: Strategies from the Child Safety Collaborative Innovation and Improvement Network
- Preventing e-Cigarette Poisonings among Children and Youth: Policy and Practice
- Understanding and Using Injury Cost Data in Your Prevention Efforts
- Bullying Prevention and Intervention
- Bullying Prevention Law and Policy
- Preventing Adolescent Dating Abuse: Research and Practice
- Consequences of Bullying
- Tribal Injury Prevention: Successes & Challenges from the Tribal Injury Prevention Cooperative Agreement Program (TIPCAP)
- Preventing Child Abuse and Neglect to Create a World Where Every Child Can Thrive
- Playground Safety: Having Fun and Staying Safe
- What To Do About Bullying?: Key Prevention Strategies for Health Departments
- Safe Infant Sleep: Innovative National and State Efforts to Protect Our Youngest
- Work-Related Injuries Are Happening to Youth: Can We Make a Difference?
- Pool Safety: When It Comes to Pool and Spa Safety, More Is Better
- The Role of Healthcare Professionals in Bullying Prevention
- Preventing TV and Furniture Tip-Overs: An Introduction to the Anchor It! Campaign
- Victimization and Vulnerability: Populations at Increased Risk for Bullying
- Connections Between Bullying and Other Types of Violence: Family Violence, Sexual Harassment, and Dating Violence



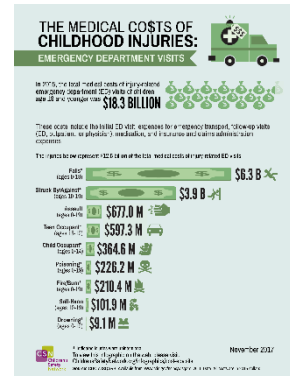
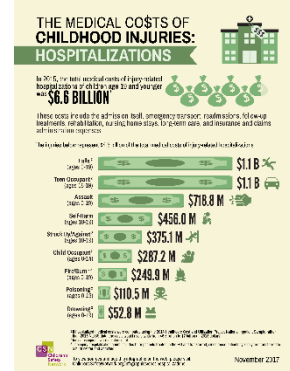
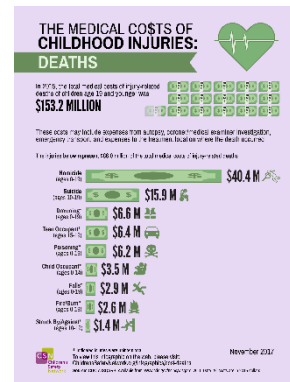
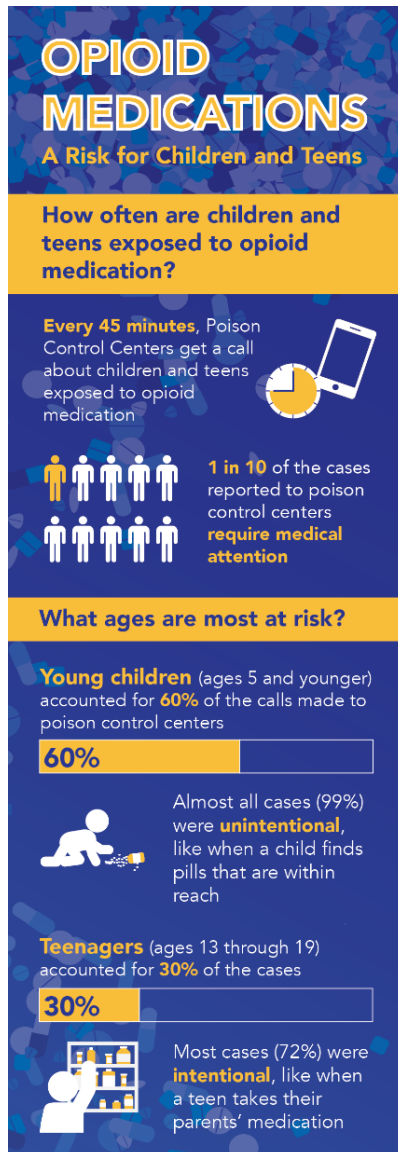
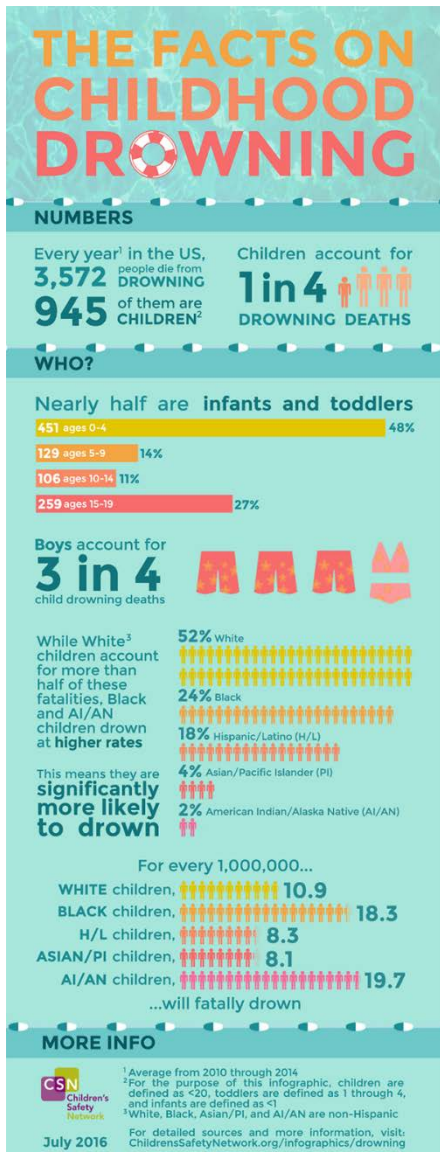
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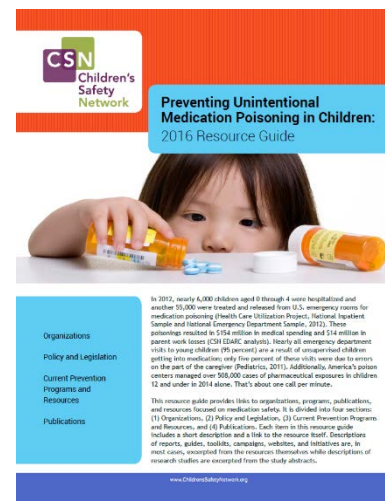
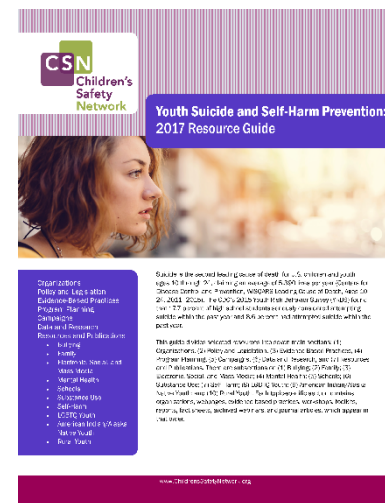
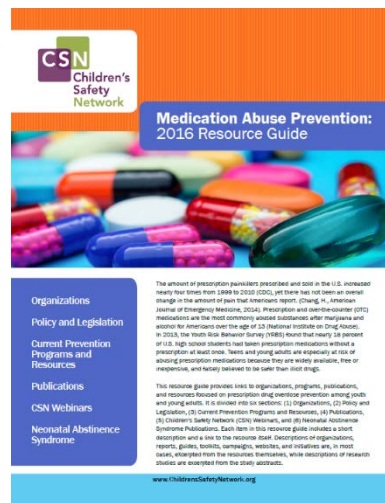
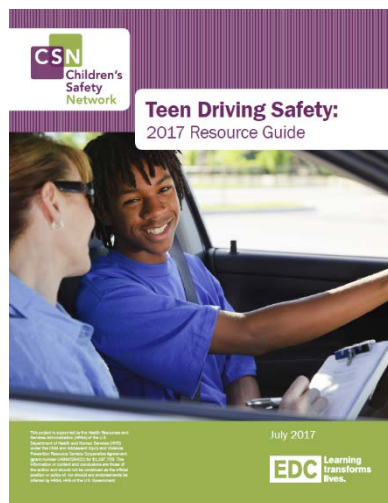
Facebook: facebook.com/childrenssafetynetwork
Twitter: twitter.com/ChildrensSafety
Pinterest: pinterest.com/childrenssafety
Newsletter: go.edc.org/csn-newsletter

This project is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under the Child and Adolescent Injury and Violence Prevention Resource Centers Cooperative Agreement (U49MC28422) for \$1,199,683. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.

CSN Infographics



CSN Resource Guides



Injury Disparities Paper



UNDERSTANDING DISPARITIES IN CHILD AND ADOLESCENT INJURY: A REVIEW OF THE RESEARCH



December 2017

This project is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under the Child and Adolescent Injury and Violence Prevention Resource Centers Cooperative Agreement (U49MC28422) for \$1,197,700. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.

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The National Organization of
Urban MCH Leaders

Top 10 Things You Should Know about CityMatCH

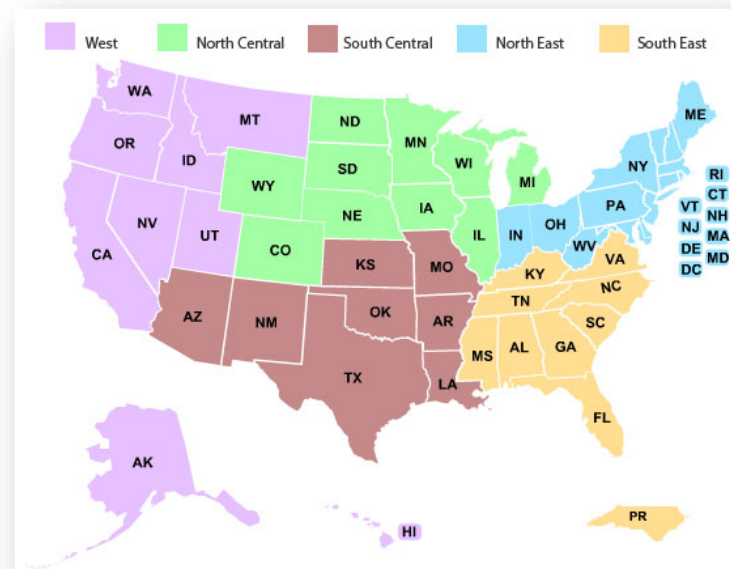
February 21, 2018

Top 10 Things You Should Know About CityMatCH



1. CityMatCH is Diverse

- CityMatCH is a national membership organization
- Member network comprises over 160 city and county health departments' *urban* maternal and child health (MCH) programs and leaders





2. The City**MatCH** Mission

City**MatCH** seeks to strengthen public health leaders and organizations to promote equity and improve the health of urban women, families, and communities.

Top 10 Things You Should Know About CityMatCH



3. CityMatCH is Urban MCH

- CityMatCH helps the needs of our members in building their *urban* maternal and child health (MCH) capacity



RESOURCE DIRECTORY OF MAJOR URBAN MCH PROGRAMS

A Directory of
Maternal and Child Health Programs
in Major Urban Health Departments
in the United States

prepared by
The CityMatCH Project
August 1989

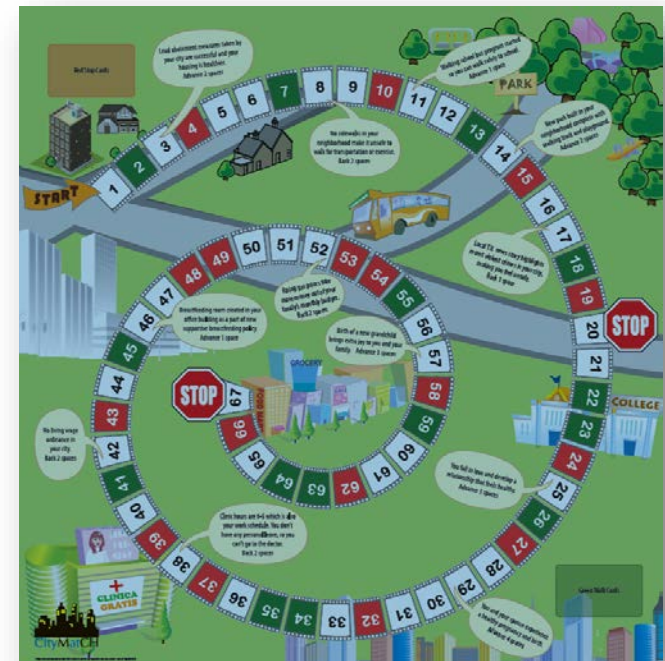
Top 10 Things You Should Know About CityMatCH

4. CityMatCH is fun!

- CityMatCH utilizes an innovative atmosphere for learning!

“Some things you do because they are fun, and some things you do because they are good for you. The joy of CityMatCH is that it is resoundingly both – a huge amount of fun and the most important professional experience of my career.”

Kathy Carson, Parent Child Health Administrator
Public Health – Seattle and King County, Seattle, WA

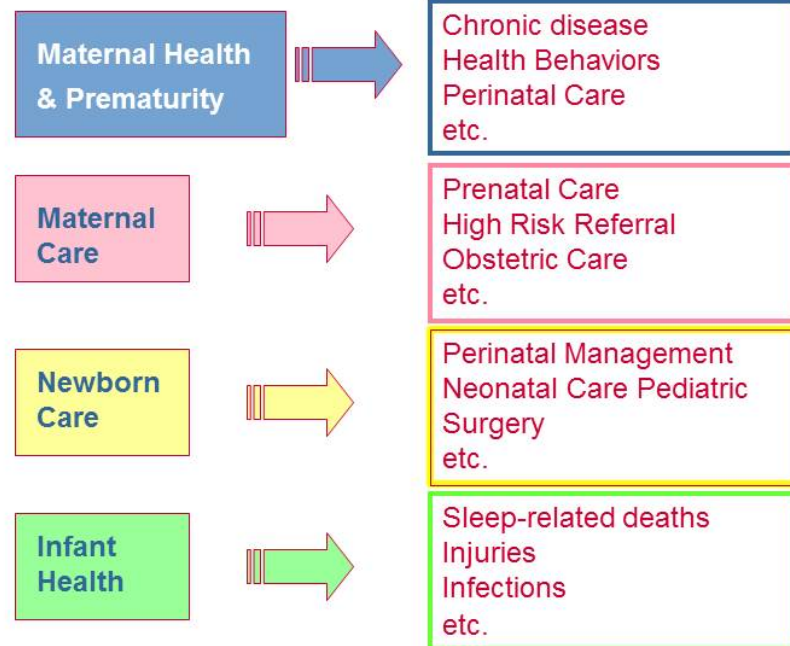




5. CityMatCH Translates Science and Data into Practice



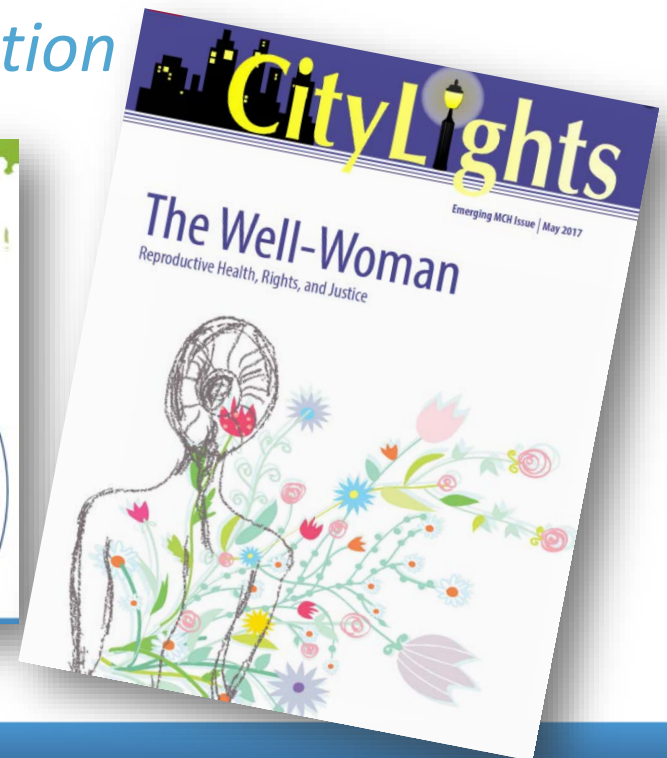
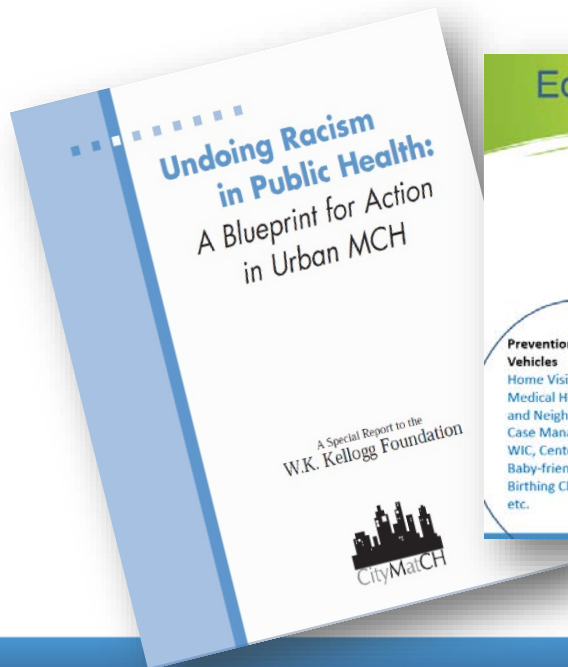
PPOR helps communities move from data to action





6. Health Equity and Social Justice

- CityMatCH shares a passion and vision of increasing the understanding of Health Equity and Social Justice and *moving to action*





7. Networking for Solution-Based Approaches (Ask-A-Colleague)

- CityMatCH helps members to learn and network with local, state, and national partners
- CityMatCH members are able to share what works with one another and jointly develop solutions-based approaches
- CityMatCH provides a safe environment to discuss questions and challenges

Top 10 Things You Should Know About CityMatCH



8. Best Practices

- CityMatCH makes MCH best practices readily available through on-going communication and, specifically, at our annual conference



Top 10 Things You Should Know About CityMatCH



9. CityMatCH Publications

- CityMatCH produces numerous publications throughout the year that are readily available for our members





10. CityMatCH Voice

- CityMatCH is a collection of voices and unique perspectives
- CityMatCH ensures that *urban* MCH always has a voice in the broader picture and perspective of public health



CityMatCH Resources



- **Erin O. Schneider:** e.Schneider@unmc.edu
- **Associate Membership:** <http://www.citymatch.org/form/become-associate-member>
- **Life Course Game:** <http://www.citymatch.org:8080/lifecoursetoolbox/gameboard.php>
- **PPOR Training & Info:** <http://www.citymatch.org/projects/perinatal-periods-risk-ppor>
 - If you would like TA or training on PPOR, please contact **Carol Gilbert:** cgilbert@unmc.edu
- **Ask A Colleague:** <http://www.citymatch.org/form/ask-colleague>
- **CityMatCH Conference:** <http://www.citymatch.org/conference/citymatch-conference/2018/Home>
- **CityMatCH Publications:** <http://www.citymatch.org/publications>
- **CityMatCH Learning Network Webinars:**
<http://www.citymatch.org/projects/citymatch-learning-network>

Questions

- As a reminder:
 - Questions can be typed into the “Questions” pane
 - Due to the large number of attendees, we may not be able to get to all questions in the time allotted
 - All questions asked will be answered and posted on the NCFRP website
 - **Recording of webinar and copy of slides will be posted within 2 weeks on the NCFRP website: www.ncfrp.org**

NCFRP is on Social Media



What's Next?



THANK YOU!

Additional questions can be directed to:
info@ncfrp.org

